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OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

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Environmental Compliance Review Closeout Process

Audit Report

Report Number HR-AR-14-003-DR

June 17, 2014



OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

Highlights

The Office of Sustainability and facility management need to improve the Environmental Compliance Review (ECR) closeout process to ensure ECR observations are addressed effectively on time.

Background

The U.S. Postal Service implemented a comprehensive environmental compliance review (ECR) program in fiscal year (FY) 1995 to ensure compliance with environmental mandates. The program provides an internal process for reviewing postal facilities' compliance with applicable environmental laws and regulations, tracking regulatory deficiencies, and taking corrective actions.

Within 90 days of completing an ECR, facility management should close all observations (findings of noncompliance or practices that could lead to noncompliance) by completing and documenting all corrective actions. The ECR includes an escalation process that progressively sends system-generated notifications to higher level management at four intervals beginning 15 days before and ending 61 days after corrective action is due to be completed. Finally, at 181 days, open observations are automatically reported monthly to the Office of Sustainability. Failure to close ECR findings on time could result in fines for noncompliance.

Our objective was to determine whether ECR observations were addressed in an effective and timely manner.

What The OIG Found

The Office of Sustainability and facility management need to improve the ECR closeout process to ensure ECR observations

are addressed effectively and on time. From FYs 2012 through 2013, facility management closed only 71 percent of the observations within 90 days as required. We reviewed 142 observations that were open for more than 181 days and found that management closed 26 (18 percent) during our audit and initiated corrective action on 72 (51 percent). However, facility management did not properly document completed corrective actions for 31 observations (22 percent) and did not take corrective action on 13 (9 percent).

Further, the escalation process did not effectively ensure personnel addressed observations open longer than 181 days. This occurred because ECR instructions did not include controls to ensure Office of Sustainability managers regularly assist with open ECR observations and the escalation process did not continue to provide notifications until observations were closed.

We identified about \$2 million in assets at risk as a result of potential fines for noncompliance with environmental laws and regulations.

What The OIG Recommended

We recommended the chief sustainability officer implement formal ECR follow-up procedures to ensure continued escalation and assistance until observations are closed; and coordination with operations management at the headquarters, area, district and facility levels as appropriate.

Transmittal Letter

MEMORANDUM FOR:	THOMAS G. DAY
	CHIEF SUSTAINABILITY OFFICER
	E-Signed by Janet Sorensen ERIFY authenticity with a Sign Deskto
FROM:	Janet M. Sorensen
	Deputy Assistant Inspector General for Revenue and Resources
SUBJECT:	Audit Report – Environmental Compliance Review Closeout Process (Report Number HR-AR-14-003)
	results of our audit of the U.S. Postal Service's Environmental seout Process (Project Number 14YG004HR000).
	eration and courtesies provided by your staff. If you have any
questions or need addition	onal information, please contact Monique P. Colter, director, Support, or me at 703-248-2100.
questions or need addition Human Resources and S	
questions or need addition Human Resources and S Attachment	

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Findings

Introduction

This report presents the results of our self-initiated audit of the U.S. Postal Service's Environmental Compliance Review (ECR) closeout process (Project Number 14YG004HR000). The objective of this audit was to determine whether ECR observations were addressed in an effective and timely manner. See Appendix A for additional information about this audit.

The Postal Service designed the ECR program to minimize the risk of noncompliance with environmental regulations at high-risk facilities¹ and to promote best practices. The program provides an internal process to review postal facilities' conformance with applicable environmental laws and regulations and to track regulatory deficiencies and corrective actions.

In fiscal years (FY) 2012 and 2013, the Postal Service's Office of Sustainability conducted 487 ECRs, resulting in 4,132 observations. The Office of Sustainability tracks ECR observations, including findings and best management practices (BMP),² in the Environmental Tool Kit (ETK), a postal web-based system used to plan, perform, and verify ECR corrective actions. Installation heads³ must close ECR findings and BMPs within 90 days of the ECR completion date. To close observations, management must complete and document all recommended corrective actions. The ECR includes an escalation process in which the ETK automatically generates notifications and progressively sends them to higher level management at four intervals beginning 15 days before and ending 61 days after a corrective action's due date.

Conclusion

The Office of Sustainability and facility management need to improve the ECR closeout process to ensure ECR observations are addressed effectively and on time. Installation heads completed corrective actions and properly closed 2,946 of the 4,132 observations (71 percent) from FY 2012 through FY 2013 within 90 days of the ECR's completion date.⁴ However, as of October 31, 2013, 42 facilities had 215 observations (133 findings and 82 BMPs) open for more than 181 days (see Figure 1.) One observation corresponded to an ECR conducted in March 2012. We reviewed 142 of these observations and found that, although the majority had action plans in progress, some were not properly documented or management had not taken action on them. Further, the escalation process was not effectively ensuring that responsible personnel addressed observations open more than 181 days. We identified about \$2 million in assets at risk as a result of potential fines. See Appendix B for our assets at risk calculation.

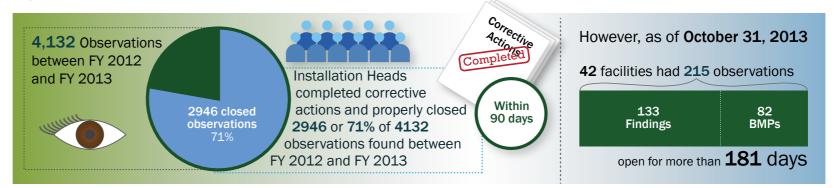


Figure 1: Improvement needed for ECR closeout process

1 High-risk facilities operate under specific regulations to ensure environmental compliance for storm water and air permits, hazardous waste handling and disposal, and underground storage tanks.

- 2 Findings describe facility operations or activities that were not in compliance with regulatory requirements, such as storing universal waste lamps in open containers, which does not comply with requirements of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976. BMPs are those practices that, if not addressed, could lead to regulatory noncompliance.
- 3 The top management official at a particular installation.
- 4 As of February 14, 2014, 4,000 (97 percent) were closed.

Corrective Actions for Observations Open More than 181 Days

We visited 15 of the 42 facilities with observations open more than 181 days and determined that installation heads closed 26 (18 percent) during the course of our audit and initiated but did not complete corrective action on 72 (51 percent). However, installation heads did not update the status to "completed" in ETK for 31 observations (22 percent) and did not take any corrective action on 13 (9 percent). Table 1 shows the status of the observations at the time of our site visits.

Table 1. Observation Status⁵

Observation Status	Findings	BMPs	Total	Percent of Total
Corrective action completed; status not updated to "completed" in ETK	23	8	31	22%
Corrective action completed; status updated to "completed" in ETK	14	12	26	18%
Corrective action in progress	53	19	72	51%
No corrective action taken	4	9	13	9%
Total	94	48	142	100%

Source: U.S. Postal Service Office of Inspector General (OIG) analysis.

Installation heads are responsible for ensuring facilities follow federal, state, and local laws as well as Postal Service environmental policies.⁶ They should also ensure ECR corrective actions are completed and documented in the ETK within 90 days.

Installation heads⁷ indicated they did not always complete and document corrective actions on time due to other priorities or because the corrective actions depended on circumstances beyond their control, such as facility service office actions, funding approvals, and contractor delays. Also, according to installation heads, district officials did not contact them regarding ECR corrective actions. Further, at the sites visited, we found the Office of Sustainability did not provide sufficient follow-up and guidance on open ECR observations to ensure they were properly addressed.

Postal Service policy⁸ states that district managers are responsible for ensuring timely completion of environmental corrective actions within their control. Also, the Office of Sustainability must provide direction and assistance to area and district stakeholders to ensure consistent and standardized implementation of the Postal Service's environmental compliance policies, programs, and management system. However, ECR instructions do not include detailed procedures for providing direction and assistance, including associated timing.

⁵ The status of each open observation based on discussions with facility managers, observations, and documentation reviewed during our visits.

⁶ Administrative Support Manual, Issue 13, Section 695.32, dated July 1999.

⁷ In addition to installation heads, we also interviewed maintenance managers. For consistency, we refer to all as installation heads throughout this report.

⁸ Administrative Support Manual, Issue 13, Section 695, dated July 1999.

When personnel do not close ECR findings on time, the Postal Service is at greater risk of incurring fines for noncompliance with environmental laws and regulations. Based on the status of the open observations for the 15 facilities we visited, we identified a maximum of about \$2 million in potential federal fines. We consider those potential fines as assets at risk.

Escalation Process

The escalation process did not adequately ensure that responsible personnel address observations open more than 181 days, increasing the risk of continued environmental noncompliance.

Formal escalation procedures do not exist to ensure there is continued communication until observations are closed. ETK sends a final notification of open observations 151 days after the ECR end date and, subsequently, generates a rollup report of open observations 181 days after the ECR's end date (see Figure 2.) From that point on, ETK automatically generates monthly rollup reports and Office of Sustainability management receive, but does not always follow up on, these reports. See Appendix D for the ETK email notification process and associated intervals. Postal Service policy requires the Office of Sustainability to provide direction and assistance to area and district stakeholders to ensure consistent and standardized implementation of the Postal Service's environmental compliance policies, programs, and management system.⁹

Figure 2. Escalation Process Notification Time of Open Observations

•	ECR end date	151 Days after	181 Days after	
	Formal escalation procedures do not exist to ensure there is contin communication until observations are closed	nued		

Hover over top elements for more information.

The escalation process did not adequately ensure that responsible personnel address observations open more than 181 days, increasing the risk of continued environmental noncompliance.

⁹ Administrative Support Manual, Issue 13, Section 695, dated July 1999.

Recommendation

We recommend the chief sustainability officer:

1. Establish and implement formal environmental compliance review follow-up procedures that ensure continued escalation and assistance until observations are closed and that also ensure coordination with operations management at the headquarters, area, district, and facility levels as appropriate.

Management's Comments

Management agreed with the findings and, in a prior correspondence, also agreed with the recommendation. Management stated they issued a defined implementation process to all Office of Sustainability staff on May 29, 2014. This process is in effect for all FY 2014 ECRs.

See Appendix E for management's comments, in their entirety.

Evaluation of Management's Comments

The OIG considers management's comments responsive to the recommendation and corrective actions should resolve the issues identified in the report. Because management has taken corrective actions to resolve the recommendation, we are closing recommendation 1 with issuance of this report.

We recommend management establish and implement formal environmental compliance review follow-up procedures that ensure continued escalation and assistance until observations are closed and that also ensure coordination with operations management at the headquarters, area, district, and facility levels

as appropriate.

Appendices

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Appendix A: Additional Information

Background

The Office of Sustainability initiates and manages programs to minimize the impact of Postal Service activities on the environment. It tracks and reports sustainability issues as well as programs that impact energy or environmental issues.

In FY 1995, the Postal Service implemented a comprehensive ECR program for high-risk facilities to minimize the risk of environmental noncompliance and to promote best practices. High-risk facilities include those needing storm water or air permits, those that handle or dispose of hazardous waste, and those with underground storage tanks. The ECR program provides an internal process to periodically review these facilities' compliance with applicable environmental laws and regulations and track regulatory deficiencies and corrective actions.

The ECR program includes a risk assessment and a site evaluation and involves three main strategies:

- Identifying all activities that pose a risk of noncompliance.
- Assessing the facility's compliance status through ECRs and assessments.
- Providing support for, and follow-up on, corrective actions.

Installation heads must close ECR observations within 90 days of the ECR completion date. ECR observations, including findings and BMPs, are tracked in ETK, a postal web-based system environmental specialists use to plan, perform, and verify ECR corrective actions. ETK contains reporting capabilities and provides a dashboard view of performance metrics to help monitor, track, and report environmental business processes in the areas of compliance and auditing. As part of the escalation process, ETK sends emails to progressively higher levels of management at specified intervals. See Appendix D for a detailed explanation of the escalation process.

Objective, Scope, and Methodology

Our objective was to determine whether ECR observations are addressed in an effective and timely manner.

The scope of the audit covered all open ECRs conducted in FYs 2012 and 2013. We focused on observations that had incomplete corrective actions as of October 31, 2013, and remained open longer than 181 days.

To accomplish our objective, we:

- Identified all FYs 2012 and 2013 observations for which corrective actions had not been completed by extracting the ECR rollup report¹⁰ from ETK on October 31, 2013.
- From November 2013 through January 2014, we conducted site visits at 15 facilities including 11 statistically selected facilities and four judgmentally selected facilities in the New York, Triboro, South Jersey, Greensboro, South Florida, and Caribbean districts. See Appendix C for a list of sites visited.

¹⁰ The ECR rollup report is a list of all ECR observations open more than 181 days.

Reviewed the status of 142 open observations at the 15 facilities visited.

Interviewed district managers for the sites we visited, the ETK subject matter expert, and Office of Sustainability management.

We conducted this performance audit from November 2013 through June 2014 in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards and included such tests of internal controls as we considered necessary under the circumstances. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objective. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based on our audit objective. We discussed our observations and conclusions with management on April 29, 2014, and included their comments where appropriate.

We assessed the reliability of ETK data by interviewing the system administrator and facility managers and comparing email log data to the ECR escalation list. We determined that the data were sufficiently reliable for the purposes of this report.

Prior Audit Coverage

The OIG did not identify any prior audits or reviews related to the objective of this audit.

Appendix B: Other Impact

Recommendation	Impact Category	Amount
1	Assets at Risk ¹³	\$2,062,500

Total assets at risk represents the risk of fines as a result of one citation for 1 day¹² at the maximum allowable federal penalty for each finding open at the time of our 15 site visits. During each site visit, we determined the current status of each observation by interviewing applicable facility managers, making observations, and reviewing relevant documentation.

To determine assets at risk, we used the following methodology:

- We retrieved the ETK rollup report, which identified the universe of 42 facilities in 20 districts with open ECR findings and BMPs. The ETK rollup report also identified the relevant environmental law corresponding to each open finding and BMP.
- We conducted fieldwork at six judgmentally selected facilities in the Greensboro, New York, South Jersey, and Triboro districts. We chose those facilities because they each had six or more open findings as of October 31, 2013.
- We identified a statistical sample of four districts of the 20 districts having at least one facility with open findings the Greensboro, South Florida, Triboro, and Caribbean districts. As a result, we conducted fieldwork at nine additional sites.
- Based on fieldwork, we determined that corrective actions had not been completed for 90 findings and BMPs.¹³ We excluded 29 BMPs,¹⁴ two findings corresponding to nonfederal environmental laws, and four duplicate findings observed in a subsequent ECR for the same facility. This resulted in 55 findings.
- We determined the maximum allowable fines associated with each of the relevant environmental laws corresponding to the 55 findings is \$37,500, based on a study¹⁵ the Postal Service Office of Sustainability conducted.
- We multiplied the maximum allowable fine by 55 findings, for a total of \$2,062,500. We did not project our results. Our estimated assets at risk reflects only the 15 sites we visited.

¹¹ Assets or accountable items (for example, cash, stamps, and money orders) that are at risk of loss because of inadequate internal controls.

¹² Although separate days can be determined to be separate violations depending on the statute and nature of the violation, for the purposes of this assets at risk calculation we assumed that each finding had occurred only on the day of our site visit.

¹³ This includes the findings and BMPs we categorized as either "Corrective Action in Progress," or "No Corrective Action Taken." We also included four findings and one BMP that had been closed, but we found evidence suggesting they had either recurred or had not been fully abated.

¹⁴ Because BMPs do not reflect an actual regulatory violation, we did not consider open BMPs in our assets at risk calculation.

¹⁵ Potential Financial Implication of Regulatory Findings, November 5, 2013. This study attempted to quantify the potential financial implications of failure to take corrective actions and consisted of a review of the regulations/rules and identification of the potential fines that could be imposed.

Appendix C: Facilities Visited

Area	District	Facility Name
Northeast	New York	Bronx Main Post Office (MPO)
Northeast	Triboro	Brooklyn Processing and Distribution Center (P&DC)
Northeast	Triboro	Brooklyn Vehicle Maintenance Facility (VMF)
Eastern	South Jersey	Cherry Hill MPO
Northeast	Caribbean	Detached Mail Distribution Unit Annex
Northeast	New York	Manhattan VMF
Southern	South Florida	Miami P&DC
Southern	South Florida	Miami VMF
Northeast	Caribbean	Ponce VMF
Northeast	Triboro	Queens P&DC
Northeast	Triboro	Queens VMF
Capital Metro	Greensboro	Raleigh VMF
Northeast	Caribbean	San Juan P&DC
Northeast	Caribbean	San Juan VMF
Eastern	South Jersey	South Jersey P&DC

Source: OIG analysis.

Appendix D: Environmental Compliance Review Escalation Process

Installation heads must complete corrective actions for each finding or BMP within 90 days of the ECR completion date. As part of the ECR escalation process, the ETK automatically generates email notifications and sends them to progressively higher levels of management at four intervals beginning 15 days before the due date of the corrective actions and ending 61 days after the due date, as follows:

ETK Email Notification Process

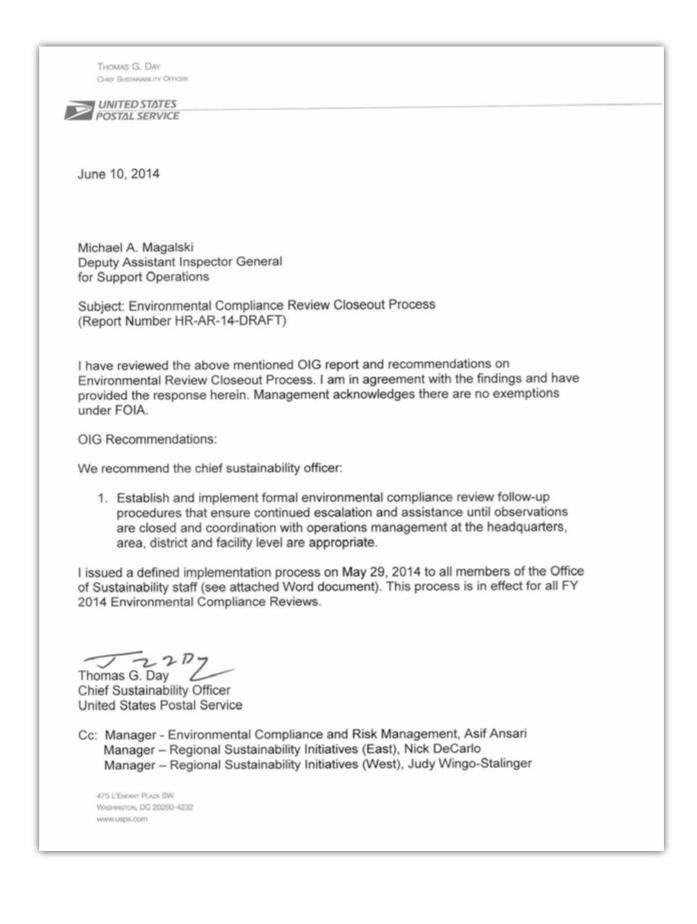
Interval	Recipient
	Plants:
	Facility Responder
	East/West Field Team ¹⁸ Contact Person
	Plant Manager
	Facility Maintenance Manager
	VMFs:
45 Davis Dafara tha Dua Data	Facility Responder
15 Days Before the Due Date	East/West Field Team Contact Person
	VMF Manager
	Stations, Branches, and MPOs:
	Facility Responder
	East/West Field Team Contact Person
	Postmaster or Station/Branch Manager
	Plants:
	Facility Responder
	East/West Field Team Contact Person
	Plant Manager
	Facility Maintenance Manager
	 Manager Regional Environmental Compliance and Sustainability (West/East)
	Lead District Maintenance Manager
1 Day Overdue	VMFs:
	Facility Responder
	East/West Field Team Contact Person
	VMF Manager
	 Manager Regional Environmental Compliance and Sustainability (West/East)
	Lead Vehicle Maintenance Manager

16 Regional teams East and West directly support management in implementing environmental policies.

nterval	Recipient
	Stations, Branches, and MPOs:
	Facility Responder
1 Day Overdue	East/West Field Team Contact Person
	Postmaster or Station/Branch Manager
	 Manager Regional Environmental Compliance and Sustainability (West/East)
	 Post Office Operations Manager (POOM) or Postal Career Executive Service (PCES) Postmaster
	Plants:
	Facility Responder
	East/West Field Team Contact Person
	Plant Manager
	Facility Maintenance Manager
	 Manager Regional Environmental Compliance and Sustainability (West/East)
	Lead District Maintenance Manager
	District Manager
	Senior Plant Manager
	VMFs:
	Facility Responder
	East/West Field Team Contact Person
31 Days Overdue	VMF Manager
	 Manager Regional Environmental Compliance and Sustainability (West/East)
	Lead Vehicle Maintenance Manager
	District Manager
	Stations, Branches, and MPOs:
	Facility Responder
	East/West Field Team Contact Person
	Postmaster or Station/Branch Manager
	 Manager Regional Environmental Compliance and Sustainability (West/East)
	POOM or PCES Postmaster
	District Manager
61 Days Overdue	 Same recipients as 31 Days Overdue. This is the final notification.
91 Days Overdue	 Monthly ETK automatically "rolls-up" reports of ECRs that are past 181 days from ECR completion date and sends them to Office of Sustainability management.

Source: Postal Service Office of Sustainability.

Appendix E: Management's Comments



	FY2014 Environmental Compliance Review Escalation Process
1.	At the conclusion of an Environmental Compliance Review (ECR) the findings and best manageme practices (BMPs) will be presented to the Installation Head or designee.
2.	The Installation Head/designated staff, with support from the Office of Sustainability, will correct or mitigate all of the findings/BMPs from the ECR within 90 days.
3.	The East/West Regional Field Team staff will monitor the completion of all findings/BMPs. They will provide technical support/guidance to assist the facility with correcting or mitigating findings/BMPs a verify that the facility's corrective actions are properly documented in the Environmental Toolkit (ET The East/West Regional Field Team staff will request assistance as needed from the Regional Manager, Environmental Compliance and Sustainability, to facilitate corrective action.
4.	At 15 days prior to the 90 day due date, an ETK e-mail notification is sent to the ETK Facility Responders, East/West Regional Field Team staff and the Installation Head as a reminder that the findings/BMPs are due.
5.	The appropriate Regional Manager, Environmental Compliance and Sustainability will notify via em the Installation Head, Lead District Maintenance Manager /Lead District VMF Manager /POOM or PCES Postmaster as necessary if the facility does not complete their findings/BMPs within 90 caler days from the ECR end date.
	In addition an ETK e-mail ECR escalation notification will also be sent on the 1 day overdue date to ETK Facility Responders, East/West Regional Field Team staff, Installation Head, Regional Manage Environmental Compliance and Sustainability; and the Lead District Maintenance Manager/ Lead District VMF Manager / POOM or PCES Postmaster as appropriate.
6.	At 30 days past the due date, if a facility does not complete their findings/BMPs the Regional Mana Environmental Compliance and Sustainability will escalate the notification, via email, to the appropriate District Manager and/or Senior Plant Manager as necessary.
	In addition, ETK e-mail ECR Escalation notifications will also be sent to the ETK Facility Responder East/West Regional Field Team staff, Installation Head, Regional Manager, Environmental Complia and Sustainability and the Lead District Maintenance Manager/ Lead District VMF Manager/POOM PCES Postmaster, District Manager and Senior Plant Manager.
7.	At 60 days past the due date, if the findings/BMPs have still not been corrected, the Regional Mana Environmental Compliance and Sustainability will notify via email, the appropriate Area Manager Operations Support.
8.	At 60 days past the due date, or at any time prior as needed, the Regional Manager, Environmental Compliance and Sustainability, will determine if higher level notification (i.e. Vice President Area Operations, Vice President Facilities, etc.) is required by the Chief Sustainability Officer. The Regio Manager's determination regarding facility responses will include, but is not limited to pending FSSF actions, regulator or policy issues etc.



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