



Audit of the INTERPOL Washington, the  
U.S. National Central Bureau's OA/Envoy  
System Pursuant to the Federal Information  
Security Modernization Act of 2014,  
Fiscal Year 2024



AUDIT DIVISION

25-039

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**FEBRUARY 2025**

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# COMMENTARY AND SUMMARY

## **Audit of the INTERPOL Washington, the United States National Central Bureau's OA/Envoy System Pursuant to the Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2014, Fiscal Year 2024**

### **Objectives**

The objectives of this audit were to determine whether the INTERPOL Washington, the U.S. National Central Bureau's (USNCB) OA/Envoy system security policies, procedures, and practices were consistent with the requirements of the Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2014 (FISMA). In addition, the audit was designed to perform a vulnerability assessment of the OA/Envoy system and evaluate selected system controls.

### **Results in Brief**

The audit did not identify any weaknesses in the control areas of the OA/Envoy system that resulted in a finding other than those findings that were identified in the USNCB's Information Security Management Program. Those findings and subsequent recommendations are reported in the Audit of the USNCB's Information Security Management Program Pursuant to the Federal Information Security Modernization Act of 2014, Fiscal Year 2024.

### **Recommendations**

This audit provides no recommendations specifically for the OA/Envoy system.

### **Public Release**

The Department of Justice (DOJ) Office of the Inspector General (OIG) is publicly releasing this Commentary and Summary of the report rather than the full report itself because Inspectors General are required by FISMA to take appropriate steps to ensure the protection of information that, if disclosed, may adversely affect information security. Such protections shall be commensurate with the risk.

### **Audit Approach**

KPMG LLP conducted this performance audit of OA/Envoy under the direction of the DOJ OIG and in accordance with Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS) and the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) reporting requirements. The OIG reviewed KPMG LLP's report and related documentation for compliance with GAGAS. The OIG's review was not intended to enable the OIG to make a conclusion about the effectiveness of USNCB's information security controls. KPMG LLP is responsible for the attached auditors' report dated September 6, 2024, and the conclusions expressed in the report. The OIG's review disclosed no instances where KPMG LLP did not comply, in all material respects, with GAGAS and OMB reporting requirements.

### **Background**

FISMA was passed by Congress and signed into law by the President in 2014. FISMA assigns responsibilities to federal agencies, the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), and OMB to strengthen federal information system security. This includes directing NIST to develop standards and guidelines for ensuring the effectiveness of information security controls over information systems that support federal agencies' operations and assets, and requiring the head of each agency to implement policies and procedures to cost-effectively reduce risks to an acceptable level.

Annually, agency Inspectors General are required to either perform an independent evaluation or contract an independent external auditor to perform an evaluation of the agency's information security program and practices to ensure the effectiveness of the program and practices. Each evaluation must include: (1) testing the effectiveness of information security policies, procedures, and practices of a representative subset of the agency's information systems; (2) an assessment (based on the results of the testing) of compliance with FISMA; and (3) separate representations, as appropriate, regarding information security related to national security systems.