DHS Contracts and Grants Awarded through Other than Full and Open Competition, FY 2014

HIGHLIGHTS

DHS Contracts and Grants Awarded through Other than Full and Open Competition, FY 2014

April 10, 2015

Why We Did This

On January 17, 2014, Congress enacted Public Law 113-76, Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014. According to Section 520 (a), the Secretary of Department of Homeland Security (DHS) shall submit a report not later than October 15, 2014, to the Office of Inspector General, listing all grants and contracts awarded by any means other than full and open competition during fiscal year (FY) 2014. As required, we reviewed the report and assessed departmental compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and departmental procedures.

What We Recommend

We made no recommendations.

For Further Information:

Contact our Office of Public Affairs at (202) 254-4100, or email us at DHS-OIG.OfficePublicAffairs@oig.dhs.gov

What We Found

In FY 2014, DHS awarded 399 noncompetitive contracts worth about \$306 million. This represents a continuing decrease of more than \$3 billion obligated through noncompetitive contracts over a 6-year period. We reconciled the entire FY 2014 contract listing against the Federal Procurement Data System and found that the data between the two lists were 99.8 percent identical.

Also in FY 2014, DHS awarded 66 noncompetitive grants worth about \$126 million. Although three noncompetitive grants worth approximately \$3.2 million did not meet accuracy, timeliness, or completeness standards, approximately 95.5 percent did meet the requirements as set forth in the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006.

DHS' Response

The Department did not provide formal management comments for inclusion in the final report but provided technical comments to the draft report which we incorporated as appropriate.

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Department of Homeland Security

Washington, DC 20528 / www.oig.dhs.gov

April 10, 2015

MEMORANDUM FOR: The Honorable Chip Fulghum

Acting Deputy Under Secretary for Management

Department of Homeland Security

FROM:

John Roth John Roth

Inspector General

SUBJECT:

DHS Contracts and Grants Awarded through Other than Full and Open Competition, FY 2014

For your information is our final report, *DHS Contracts and Grants Awarded through Other than Full and Open Competition (OTFOC), FY 2014.* We reviewed and incorporated technical comments from the Department and Components in the final report as necessary. The Department did not submit formal management comments. This report contains no recommendations.

Consistent with our responsibility under the *Inspector General Act*, we will provide copies of our report to congressional committees with oversight and appropriation responsibility over the Department of Homeland Security. We will post the report on our website for public dissemination.

The Office of Audits major contributors to this report are Donald Bumgardner, Audit Director; Andrew Smith, Audit Manager; Jeff Mun, Auditor-in-Charge; Kalimuddin Ahmad, Auditor; David Porter, Auditor; Kevin Dolloson, Communications Analyst; and Kevin King, Independent Referencer.

Please call me with any questions, or your staff may contact Mark Bell, Assistant Inspector General for Audits, at (202) 254-4100.

Background

According to the *Competition in Contracting Act of 1984*, with limited exceptions, contracting officers are required to promote and provide for full and open competition in soliciting offers and awarding Federal government contracts. The Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) codifies uniform policies for acquiring supplies and services by executive agencies and requires Federal agencies to collect and report data to the Federal Procurement Data System – Next Generation (FPDS).

The government uses the data in FPDS to measure and assess the impact of Federal procurement on the Nation's economy; the system includes information

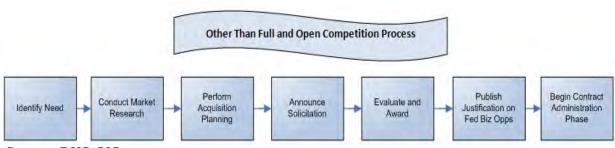


Department of Homeland Security

Procurement Policy requires Federal agencies to certify annually that the data entered into FPDS is accurate and complete. We used the data in this system to review noncompetitive contracts.

As depicted in figure 1, the Department's process for awarding contracts through other than full and open competition begins when acquisition personnel identify a need. These acquisition personnel are to perform market research to determine the most suitable approach to acquire, distribute, and manage supplies and services to support the Department's mission. Next, acquisitions are planned to help ensure that the government is meeting its needs in the most effective, economical, and timely manner.

Figure 1: Process for Awarding Contracts Through Other than Full and Open Competition



Source: DHS-OIG

In September 2006, Congress passed the *Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006* (FFATA), which required the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) to ensure the existence and operation of a single searchable website for all Federal contracts and grants. FFATA requires that entries shall be updated not later than 30 days after the award of any Federal award requiring a posting. In December 2007, the website USAspending.gov was first launched to fulfill these requirements.

In June 2013, OMB issued the Memo *Improving Data Quality for USAspending.gov* to agency Chief Financial Officers. OMB officials stated that to ensure USAspending.gov is providing current and accurate information, OMB and Federal agencies must take steps to ensure data reliability and quality.

OMB required agencies, by October 1, 2013, to develop and implement procedures to validate USAspending.gov data, and within 60 days of the close of each quarter to report to OMB the accuracy rate of USAspending.gov data based on the Department's validation process. Based on the validation process, OMB required that by November 15, 2014, agencies must:

- make assurances that USAspending.gov data is correct;
- have adequate internal controls over the underlying spending; and

www.oig.dhs.gov 2 OIG-15-59



Department of Homeland Security

• have implemented processes to ensure data completeness and accuracy on USAspending.gov.

On January 17, 2014, the Congress enacted Public Law 113-76, *Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014*, for the fiscal year (FY) ending September 30, 2014. According to Section 520 (a) of the law, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit a report not later than October 15, 2014, to the OIG of DHS listing all grants and contracts awarded by any means other than full and open competition during FY 2014. Section 520 (b) required the Inspector General shall review the report required by subsection (a) to assess departmental compliance with applicable laws and regulations and report the results.

As required by law, we reviewed the DHS Secretary's report provided by the Under Secretary for Management (USM) on October 31, 2014, listing all contracts and grants awarded by any means other than full and open competition (noncompetitive) during FY 2014; and assessed departmental compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and departmental procedures.

Results of Audit

In FY 2014, DHS awarded 399 noncompetitive contracts worth about \$306 million. This represents a continuing decrease of more than \$3 billion obligated through noncompetitive contracts over a 6-year period as shown in figure 2.

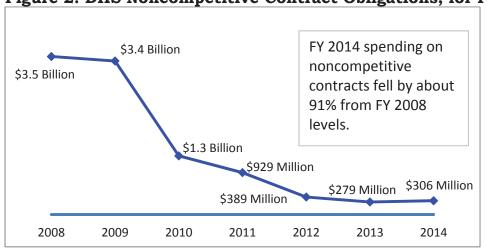


Figure 2: DHS Noncompetitive Contract Obligations, for FYs 08-14

Source: DHS-OIG 1

Also in FY 2014, DHS awarded about 13,700 grants worth approximately \$8.7 billion as listed in USAspending.gov. Of those, DHS awarded 66 individual

www.oig.dhs.gov 3 OIG-15-59

¹ Although categorized in FPDS in FY13 as a Noncompetitive Contract Obligation, we did not include the U.S. Coast Guard's #6 National Security Cutter award in this summation. This one sole source contract action obligated about \$487 million, but we considered it separately as part of the U.S. Coast Guard's ongoing acquisition program.



Department of Homeland Security

noncompetitive grants worth about \$126 million.

On October 31, 2014, the DHS Acting USM provided a report to OIG listing all FY 2014 noncompetitive contracts and grants (see appendix C). We reviewed the USM's report listing the noncompetitive contracts and grants and assessed departmental compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and departmental procedures.

Noncompetitive Contracts Listed in FY 2014

We reviewed the annual certifications for FPDS data quality submitted to the Department by U.S. Coast Guard (USCG), U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE), Transportation Security Administration (TSA) and U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP). We also compared the USM list to the list of FPDS noncompetitive contracts awarded in FY 2014, reviewing key data elements for completeness and accuracy (see appendix A for details). We reviewed the FYs 2013 and 2014 Agency Procurement Data Quality Reports (DQRs) for CBP, ICE, TSA, and USCG (see appendix A for details). These four agencies accounted for 86 percent of DHS contracts awarded in both FYs 2013 and 2014. Table 1 presents the agencies' (1) overall accuracy rate and (2) accuracy rate for other than full and open competition data.

Table 1. Comparison of Component Accuracy Rates from Data Quality Reports (FYs 2013 and 2014)

Agency	OTFOC Accuracy 2013	OTFOC Accuracy 2014
USCG	92.5%	96.4%
ICE	100%	100%
TSA	92%	98%
CBP	87.5%	90.5%

Source: Component Data Quality Reports

All four of the agencies certified the following in their DQRs:

- 1) 100 percent of their reportable contract actions were entered into FPDS within appropriate time frames and in accordance with applicable guidelines;
- 2) The results of their statistical sampling derived using the agency's data quality assurance procedures and appropriate sampling techniques;
- 3) Agency policies, procedures, and internal controls include regular reviews of qualitative data, such as performance and integrity data, to assess the quality of the information provided; and
- 4) Agency policies, procedures, and internal controls include regular reviews of contractor provided data to assess compliance with reporting requirements and the completeness of the data.

Components reported that the primary cause of the "invalid data" was user errors. Although CBP's overall accuracy declined minimally from 93.5 percent



Department of Homeland Security

in FY 2013 to 93.3 percent in FY 2014, three of the four components did improve their overall FPDS accuracy based on their statistical sampling. We compared the USM's listing to a list of all FY 2014 contract activities in FPDS and found that the data was 99.8 percent identical. DHS awarded 399 noncompetitive contracts in FY 2014 worth approximately \$306 million. As shown in figure 3, USCG and CBP awarded the most noncompetitive contracts in FY 2014.

USCIS (16) \$17.9 TSA (18) \$18.6_ **USCG (198)** OIG (2)_ \$110.3 \$0.9 OPO (34) \$28.8 FLETC (4) CBP (52) \$0.9 \$55.8 **FEMA (47)** ICE (8) \$25.2 \$40.1 **USSS (20)** \$8.0

Figure 3 - Number and Cost (in Millions) of Noncompetitive Contracts Awarded in FY 2014 for each Component

Source: DHS-OIG analysis of FPDS data²

Following FAR 4.6 and the *Homeland Security Acquisition Manual* (HSAM), we reviewed the data elements for all 399 noncompetitive contracts as entered in FPDS and found that the entered data elements were consistent with the guidelines.

We identified some inconsistencies in the obligation amounts and the number of contractual and Procurement Instrument Identifier numbers that did not meet the nomenclature requirements outlined in HSAM. However, we determined these variances were immaterial, and that data in the USM list were generally accurate and complete.

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² Dollar amounts may not add to actual total due to rounding. Newly noted agency acronyms include: United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS); DHS Office of Procurement Operations (OPO); Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC); Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA); United States Secret Service (USSS)



Department of Homeland Security

Noncompetitive Grants Listed in FY 2014

In FY 2014, DHS awarded about 13,700 grants worth approximately \$8.7 billion³. On October 31, 2014, the USM Report identified 66 grants worth approximately \$126 million as other than full and open competition grants awarded in FY 2014.

We reviewed these grants to ensure they met the requirements as set forth in the FFATA as implemented by DHS's Division of Financial Assistance Policy and Oversight (FAPO), and Grants and Financial Assistance Division (GFAD) (see appendix B for details).

We reviewed the USM Report listing grants award by other than full and open competition to assess departmental compliance with applicable laws and regulations. To ensure the grants met FFATA requirements, we analyzed and compared the USM Report's grant list to USAspending.gov.

As shown in figure 4, of the 66 noncompetitive grants listed in the USM Report, USCG had awarded 56, worth approximately \$97 million, through its Boating Safety Financial Assistance program. All 56 USCG grants were entered timely in USAspending.gov and had matching information when compared to the USM Report.

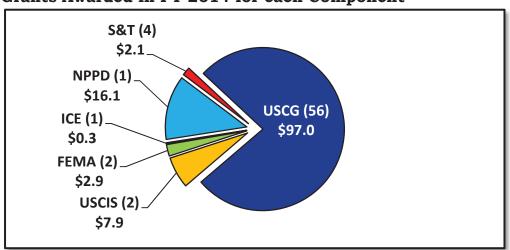


Figure 4 - Number and Cost (in Millions) of Noncompetitive Grants Awarded in FY 2014 for each Component

Source: DHS-OIG analysis of USAspending.gov data⁴

For the 10 remaining grants, GFAD provided grants management services to DHS components for 8 grants, while the Federal Emergency Management

www.oig.dhs.gov 6 OIG-15-59

³ Data from USAspending.gov as of January 2015.

⁴ Dollar amounts may not add to actual total due to rounding. Newly noted agency acronym includes: Science & Technology Directorate (S&T); National Protection and Programs Directorate (NPPD).



Department of Homeland Security

Agency (FEMA) managed 2 of the grants. The eight GFAD managed grants were:

- ICE (1)
- NPPD (1)
- S&T (4)
- USCIS (2)

The ICE, NPPD, and USCIS grants were entered timely into the USAspending.gov system and had matching information when compared to the USM Report.

For the S&T grants three of the four were unidentifiable in USAspending.gov, as listed in the USM Report. After further discussion with a GFAD official, two of the grants listed in USAspending.gov were extensions of original 2008 DHS Centers of Excellence grants, totaling more than \$1.5 million. These two grants had different Federal Award ID numbers than listed in the USM Report. However, once identified with corrected Federal Award ID numbers, the two grants were found as listed in USAspending.gov.

For the one remaining S&T grant, the GFAD official stated that there were delays in setting up the new grant recipient in PRISM, which is a Department-wide contract management system. Based on this delay, the data was submitted to USAspending.gov, but rejected because of a Data Universal Numbering System issue. The \$300,000 grant money had been awarded, but the award information had not yet been successfully entered into USAspending.gov as of December 2014. This grant did not meet the timely, accurate, or complete data requirements.

We were unable to locate the two FEMA grants in USAspending.gov. After further discussion with FEMA officials, they confirmed that the two grants, worth a total of \$2.9 million, had been awarded, but were not listed in USAspending.gov. FEMA officials stated they would resubmit these two grants for posting on USAspending.gov. However, these grants did not meet the timely, accurate, or complete data requirements.

As a result, not all other than full and open competition grants listed in the USM Report met FFATA requirements for timely, accurate, and complete data in USAspending.gov. Although three grants, worth approximately \$3.2 million, did not meet accuracy, timeliness, or completeness requirements, approximately 95.5 percent of the USM Report grants, were entered timely into USAspending.gov. This is well within the Office of the Chief Financial Officer's (OCFO) objectives of accurately reporting grant information to the public.



Department of Homeland Security

Conclusion

Based on our review of the USM Report listing all grants and contracts awarded by any means other than full and open competition during FY 2014, the USM's Report listings and current internal controls were in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. We made no recommendations.

Objective, Scope, and Methodology

We conducted this performance audit between September 2014 and February 2015 pursuant to the *Inspector General Act of 1978*, as amended, and according to generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based upon our audit objective. We believe that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions based upon our audit objective. Our objective was to review the USM's Report listing all grants and contracts awarded by any other than full and open competition during FY 2014, and to assess departmental compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

We interviewed DHS and component financial assistance personnel, and reviewed and analyzed various Department policies and procedures.

We reviewed the annual certifications for FPDS data quality submitted to the Department by USCG, ICE, TSA, and CBP. We compared the USM list to the list of FPDS noncompetitive contracts awarded in FY 2014, reviewing key data elements for completeness and accuracy.

For our comparison, we pulled a list of all contracts awarded by USCG, ICE, TSA, and CBP from FPDS in FYs 2013 and 2014. We then specifically identified just the noncompetitive contracts for the DHS components. The list of noncompetitive contracts did not include any classified contracts within DHS.

We also compared the USM list to the list of USAspending.gov noncompetitive grants awarded in FY 2014, reviewing all entries for timeliness, accuracy, and completeness.

The Department did not provide formal management comments for inclusion in the final report but provided technical comments to the draft report which we incorporated as appropriate.



Department of Homeland Security

Appendix A Contract Reporting Requirements

FAR Subpart 4.6 - *Contract Reporting* prescribes uniform reporting requirements for the FPDS. It also requires agency Chief Acquisition Officers to certify annually each January to the General Services Administration that their previous fiscal year's FPDS records are complete and accurate.

OMB Memorandum - *Improving Federal Procurement Data Quality - Guidance* for Annual Verification and Validation (May 31, 2011) - describes the steps agencies are expected to take to ensure that FPDS data are reported correctly. Agencies are required to conduct statistically valid comparisons of their agency FPDS data and the underlying contract files.

Agency Procurement Data Quality Reports (DQRs): Agencies use the DQR to report the results to DHS's Office of the Chief Procurement Officer (OCPO). The DQR includes a template for reporting the overall accuracy rate of the sample as well as the accuracy for 25 key data elements. Some key data elements include type of contract, description of requirement, and whether the contract was awarded under other than full and open competition.



Department of Homeland Security

Appendix B DHS Internal Control Over Grants

Within the DHS Office of Chief Financial Officer (OCFO), the Division of Financial Assistance Policy & Oversight (FAPO) provides oversight related to accountability of funds, internal controls, and audit processing for grants. FAPO develops grant-related policy and oversees assistance programs and initiatives, which include coordinating functions with government-wide initiatives.

FAPO has been designated as the DHS point of contact for submission of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (FFATA) financial assistance data, and was directed to apply appropriate internal controls to manage the submission process. Additionally, components must develop internal processes to meet all statutory and regulatory reporting requirements, and to implement the most efficient means of collecting and transmitting accurate grant data. Ultimately, components are responsible for the quality, accuracy, completeness, and timeliness of FFATA information reporting.

The FAPO defines completeness, accuracy, and timeliness as follows:

- <u>Completeness</u> means that all obligations reported in the components financial statements, less exemptions, are reported on USAspending.gov
- **Accuracy** means the Federal award amount on USAspending.gov matches the obligation amount in the component's financial system.
- <u>Timeliness</u> means that obligations were posted within 30 days of award to USAspending.gov

The Financial Management Division's Component Requirement Guide provides the components with a written policy and procedures to assess the data quality of the financial information in USAspending.gov. The components are required to perform a comparison at the transaction level to test accuracy and timeliness for data posted to USAspending.gov. If any of these metrics for completeness, accuracy, or timeliness falls below 95 percent, components are required to supply Corrective Action Plans to the division. This process has been in place and is reviewed annually since FY 2011. Starting in 2014, these results are reported to OMB on a quarterly basis.

Starting in FY 2013, Financial Management began performing annual sample testing of financial assistance data in USAspending.gov against source documentation to test other key qualitative attributes beyond obligation amount. The sample testing along with the quarterly reconciliations will be the basis for the FY 2014 assurances over prime award data in USAspending.gov.



Department of Homeland Security

In August 2013, OCFO set the following goals for accurately reporting grant data in USAspending.gov:

Objective 6.1. Accurately report financial assistance		FY	FY
information to the public.	2014	2015	2016
Measure: Percentage of financial assistance data reported to USASpending that is complete and accurate.	85%	90%	95%
Measure: Percentage of financial assistance data reported to USASpending that is timely.	20%	40%	60%

Source: Financial Management Strategic Plan for FYs 2014–16 (August 2013)

Within DHS OCPO's office, the Grants and Financial Assistance Division (GFAD) oversees the grants management processes and procedures for departmental programs. GFAD assists DHS program offices with:

- development and pre-clearance preparation of grant funding announcements, and posting announcements to the government-wide website, Grants.gov;
- management of all application intake, negotiation, awards, post-award actions, and close-out; and
- currently providing grants management services to several DHS components.



Department of Homeland Security

Appendix C Under Secretary for Managements' Report Listing Noncompetitive Grants and Contracts for FY 2014

U.S. Department of Homeland Security Washington, DC 20528



OCT 3 1 2014

MEMORANDUM FOR:

John Roth

Inspector General

FROM:

Chris Cummiskey Acting Under Secretary for Management

SUBJECT:

Statutory Requirement of Division F, Title V, Sec. 520. (a) of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 (P.L. 113-76) - Report of Grants and Contracts Awarded by Any Means Other than Full and

Open Competition During FY 2014

The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 (P.L. 113-76) requires that the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit a report not later than October 15, 2014, to the Office of Inspector General (OIG) of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) listing all grants and contracts awarded by any means other than full and open competition during fiscal year (FY) 2014.

For grants, we are providing a summary table below and a complete listing (Attachment A) for FY 2014. Because this listing excludes disaster grants awarded under the authority of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, we are also providing a legal opinion (Attachment B) with the rationale for this decision. For contracts, we are providing instructions and direct access for you and your staff, as appropriate, to download the data files. Further, we have identified points of contact to help ensure that you are able to obtain what is needed to complete your review. Please feel free to reach out to them directly should you have any questions. Additional details regarding this grant and contract information are outlined below.

Grants

The table below summarizes by Component and dollar amount all grants (excluding disaster grants as noted above) awarded by DHS by any means other than full and open competition during FY 2014.

Component	Total Amount
Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)	\$2,900,000
Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE)	\$305,000
National Protection and Programs Directorate (NPPD)	\$16,091,000
Science and Technology Directorate (S&T)	\$2,074,359
U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS)	\$7,900,000
U. S. Coast Guard (USCG)	\$96,948,019
Grants Total	\$126,218,378



Department of Homeland Security

The FEMA Office of the Chief Financial Officer Financial Systems and Management Reporting Division is the source of the FEMA information provided herein. Please direct all inquiries to Mr. Michael Thaggard, Michael Thaggard@fema.dhs.gov.

The DHS Office of the Chief Procurement Officer (OCPO) Grants and Financial Assistance Division is the source of the ICE, NPPD, S&T, and USCIS information provided herein. Please direct all inquiries to Ms. Marsha Mathis, Marsha.Mathis@hq.dhs.gov.

The USCG Boating Safety Division, Grants Management Branch is the source of the USCG information provided herein. Please direct all inquiries to Mr. Pavlo Oborski, Pavlo Oborski@uscg.mil.

Details are in the following attachments:

Attachment A. Listing of DHS Grants Awarded by Any Means Other than Full and Open Competition During FY 2014

Attachment B. FEMA Legal Opinion on Excludability of Disaster Grants

Contracts

Data on contracts awarded by DHS by any means other than full and open competition during FY 2014 comes from the Federal Procurement Data System (FPDS)-Next Generation (NG) database. Please note that the data files generated are too large to transmit by email, therefore, the Department has uploaded the files to a secure SharePoint site for the OIG to download. The location is EPIC — Electronic Procurement Information Center: http://mgmt-ocpo-sp.dhs.gov/sites/epic/oss/OIGDocumentRequests. This practice is consistent with the transmission of data files in prior years for audit engagements. For your reference, the Department has also included FPDS report instructions. These instructions document the detailed procedures that the DHS OCPO used to extract contract data from the FPDS-NG database.

The DHS OCPO Oversight and Strategic Support, Acquisition Systems Branch is the source of the information provided herein. Please direct all inquiries to Ms. Sarah Haut, Sarah.Haut@hq.dhs.gov and Mr. Brian Horst, Brian.Horst@hq.dhs.gov.

Details are in the following attachment:

Attachment C. Instructions on Extracting Contracts Data from the FPDS-NG Database

2



Department of Homeland Security

Listing of DHS Grants Awarded by Auy Means Other than Full and Open Competition During FY 2014

Awarding Component	ID # Title	10.8	Grant Rocipient	Grant Award Amount
FEMA	Grant Award Number	EMW-2014-CA-00011	Energency Management Assistance Compact (EMAC)	\$2,000,000.0
FEMA	Grant Award Number	EMW-2014-GR-AP-00111	Emergency Management Baseline Assessment Grant	\$900,000.0
ICE	Grant Award Number	2014-CE 076-000001	National Center for Missing and Exploited Children (NCMEC)	\$305,000,0
NPPD	Grant Award Number	2010-PD-123-000001	Center for Internet Security, Inc.	\$16,091,000.0
S&T	Grant Award Number	2008-ST-061-ND0001-07	The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill	\$1,025,000.0
S&T	Grant Award Number	2008-ST-061-ND0002-07	Jackson State University	\$500,000.0
S&T	Grant Award Number	2014-ST-108-FRG004	Association of Public-Safety Communications Officials Intl (APCO)	\$249,359.0
S&T	Grant Award Number	2014-ST-108-FRG005	National Information Shuring Consortium (MSC)	\$300,000.0
USCIS	Grant Award Number	2014-CI-009-000001	U S Conference of Catholic Bishops [USCCB]	\$3,950,000.0
USCIS	Grant Award Number Federal Award Identification Number	2014-C1-009-00000Z 3314FAS140101	Church World Services, Inc. [CWS]	.53,950,000,0
LISCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140102	Alabama Dept of Cons and Natural Resources Alaska Dept of Natural Resources	\$2,068,253,0 \$833,455.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140104	Arizona Game and Pish Department	\$1,422,558.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140105	Arkansas Game and Fish Commission	\$1,330,351,0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140106	California Dept. of Boating and Waterways	\$5,537,968.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140108	Colarado Dept. af Natural Resources	\$911,975.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140109	Connecticut Dept. of Environmental Protection	\$1,241,123,0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140110	Delaware NREC Division of Fish and Wildlife	\$848,624.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140111	District of Columbia Metropolitan Police Dept	5839,084.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140112	Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Comm	\$8,360,708.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140113	Georgia Dept of Natural Resources	\$2,306,022.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140115	Hawaii Dept of Land and Natural Resources	\$713,305,0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140116	Idaho Department of Parks and Recreation	\$1,291,553.0
USCG	Federal Award identification Number	3314FAS140117	Illinois Department of Natural Rusources	\$1,641,669.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140118	Indiana Department of Natural Resources	\$1,325,054.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140119	Iowa Department of Natural Resources	\$1,332,788,0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	2314FAS140120	Kantas Department of Wildlife and Parks	\$935,530,0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140121 3314EAS140122	Kentucky Dept. of Fish and Wildlife Resources Louisiana Department of Wildlife & Fisheries	51,286,046.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140123	Maine Dept of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife	\$2,196,880,0 \$1,144,718.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140124	Maryland Dept. of Natural Resources	\$2,695,360,0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140125	Massachusetts Environmental Police	\$1,483,059.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140126	Michigan Department of Natural Resources	\$5,111,136.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140127	Minnesota Department of Natural Resources	\$2,850,261.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140128	Massissappi Dept of Wildlife, Fisheries and Pks	\$1,108,156.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140129	Missouri State Highway Patrol	52,347,748.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140130	Montains Fish, Wildlife and Parks	\$775,598.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140131	Nebraska Game and Parks Commission	\$873,941.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140132	Nevada Department of Wildlife	\$877,814.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140133	New Hampshire Dept of Safety	\$1,043,481.0
USCG	Pederal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140134	New Jersey State Police, Marine Services Bur	\$2,558,435.00
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140135	New Mexico Energy, Min and Nat Res Dept	\$826,646,00
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS14013A	New York Office of Parks, Ree and Hist Pres	\$2,437,265,00
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140137	North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission	\$1,893,287.00
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140138	North Dakota Gann and Fish Department	3818,907.00
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140139 3314FAS140140	Ohio Dept of Natural Resources Oklahoma Department of Public Safety	\$3,918,414.00 \$1,523,512.00
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FA514014A	Oregon State Marine Board	
USCG	Pederal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140142	Pennsylvania Fish and Bost Commission	\$1,768,936.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140144	Rhode Island Dept of Environmental Mant	\$848,514,0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140145	South Carolina Dept of Natural Resources	52,285,860.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140146	Senth Dakota Dept of Geme, Fish and Parks	\$757,594.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140147	Tennessee Wildlife Resources Agency	\$1,765,187.00
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140148	Texas Parks and Wildlife Department	\$3,476,099.00
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140149	Utah Division of State Parks and Recreation	\$1,145,461.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140150	Vermont Department of Public Safety	\$731,420.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS14015T	Virginia Dept of Game and Inland Fisheries	\$1,665,541,0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140153	Washington Parks and Rec Commission	\$1,785,315.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140154	West Virginia Div of Natural Resources	\$789,054.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140155	Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources	\$2,990,566,0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140156	Wyoming Game and Fish Department	\$697,159.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140160	American Samoa Govt, Dept. of Public Safety	\$669,487.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140166	Guam Police Department	\$528,617.0
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140169	Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands	\$618,924.00
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140172	Pacto Rico Dept of Nat and Environmental Res	\$751,982.00
USCG	Federal Award Identification Number	3314FAS140178	Virgin Islamls Dept of Planning and Nat Res	\$671,803.00 5126,218,378,00



Department of Homeland Security

U.S. Department of Homeland Security Washington, DC 20528



October 17, 2014

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Ed Johnson

FEMA Chief Financial Officer

FROM:

Michael Saltalamachea

FEMA Attorney

SUBJECT:

FEMA Legal Opinion on Excludability of Disaster Grants from Statutory Requirement of Division F, Title V, Sec. 520. (a) of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2014 (P.L. 113-76) - Report of Grants and Contracts Awarded by Any Means Other than Full and

Open Competition During FY 2014

You have asked whether grants awarded under the authority of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act ("Stafford Act") must be included in the report that the Secretary must submit to the Office of Inspector General ("OIG") pursuant to Section 520 of the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2014. Section 520 specifically requires that the Secretary submit a report not later than October 15, 2014, to the OIG listing "all grants and contracts awarded by any means other than full and open competition" during fiscal year 2014. Our opinion is no, Stafford Act grants do not need to be included in that report.

As a starting point, grant programs are either discretionary or mandatory. In a mandatory program, Congress directs awards to one or more classes of prospective recipients who meet specific eligibility criteria for eligibility, in specified amounts. These grants, sometimes called "entitlement" or "formula" grants, are often awarded on the basis of statutory formulas. The federal awarding agency has no basis to refuse the award altogether and, therefore, questions of grantee selection and competition do not arise. The concept of competition can only apply when the federal awarding agency has discretion to select one recipient over another. See 2 U.S. Government Accountability Office, Office of the General Counsel, Principles of Federal Appropriations Law, p. 10-25 (3rd ed. 2004).

The Federal Grant and Cooperative Agreement Act ("FGCAA") encourages competition in assistance programs where appropriate, in order to identify and fund the best possible projects to achieve program objectives. 31 U.S.C. § 6301(3) ("The purposes of this chapter are to-...(3) promote increased discipline in selecting and using procurement contracts, grant agreements, and cooperative agreements, maximize competition in making procurement contracts, and encourage competition in making grants and cooperative agreements."). This is, however, merely a statement of purpose, and there are few other legislative pronouncements specifying how this objective is to be achieved in discretionary grant programs with the same level of specificity as



Department of Homeland Security

statutes applicable to federal procurements such as the Competition in Contracting Act of 1984 ("CICA") (the fundamental, general rule under CICA is that federal agencies must conduct acquisitions on the basis of full and open competition to the maximum extent practicable; see 41 U.S.C. § 3301).

Public Assistance, Hazard Mitigation Grant Program ("HMGP"), and other grants awarded under the Stafford Act grants are discretionary and not mandatory in nature, such that FEMA has the discretion to make or not make them. See Stafford Act, §§ 406(a)(1) ("The President may make contributions to – (A) a State or local government for repair, restoration, reconstruction, or replacement of a public facility...; and (B)...to a person that owns or operates a private nonprofit facility..."); 407 ("The President, whenever he determines it to be in the public interest, is authorized...(2) to make grants to any State or local government or owner or operator of a private non-profit facility..."); 403 ("(a) Federal agencies may on the direction of the President, provide assistance essential to meeting immediate threats to life and property resulting from a major disaster, as follows:...(4) Contributions – Making contributions to State or local governments or owners or operators of private nonprofit facilities..."); 404 ("The President may contribute up to 75 percent of the cost of hazard mitigation measures...").

But the discretionary (and not mandatory) nature of the Stafford Act grant programs do not make them appropriate for competition as generally described in the FGCAA. In very simple terms, in making award decisions, FEMA will only award a grant to the State or Indian tribal government for which the declaration was issued by the President and for those grant programs authorized under the declaration. There is, in other words, no competition among different states or Indian tribal governments for the award, and the grant award is limited to only the State or Indian tribal government to which the declaration applies. For example, when deciding to award a project as part of the Public Assistance grant to the State of Y for debris removal following a declaration for a hurricane, there is no competition from the State of X for that award. FEMA would, if it were to award some project for the State of X not under a declaration, violate appropriations law. Similarly, when the State of Y submits its mitigation projects for HMGP funding, the State of X cannot compete for that HMGP funding. FEMA may have discretion in whether to award a project, but it does not have discretion to make an award to another State or Indian tribal government for which the declaration does not apply.

Congress, when it promulgated Section 520, knew of the nature of the Stafford Act grant programs and their noncompetitive nature, and it is doubtful that Congress sought to have FEMA provide an annual report that listed every single Stafford Act grant award under every single declaration for FY 2014. Rather, the purpose of the Section 520 requirement was presumably aimed at requiring DHS to notify the OIG that, in turn notifies Congress, whenever DHS uses something other than full and open competition in making a grant award when the award of the grant would normally be subject to competition.



Department of Homeland Security

Instructions on Extracting Contracts Data from the FPDS-NG Database

Purpose: To document the procedures the Office of the Chief Procurement Officer (OCPO) used to extract contract data from the Federal Procurement Data System (FPDS)-Next Generation for new contracts awarded under Federal Acquisition Regulations (FAR) 6.3 during October 1, 2012 through September 1, 2014 for Fiscal Years (FY) 2013 and 2014.

Scope: DHS Other Than Full and Open Competitive Contracts awarded October 1, 2012 -September 30, 2014

Source: DHS-Office of the Chief Procurement Officer (OCPO), Oversight and Strategic Support (OSS), Mrs. Pamela Campbell, Director of Acquisition Systems (Acting), (202) 447-5255, Pamela.Campbell@hq.dhs.gov and Mr. Brian Horst, DHS OCPO OSS, Acquisition Systems Branch (ASB), (202) 447-5659, Brian.Horst@hq.dhs.gov.

Conclusion: This document outlines the detailed procedures followed by OCPO to extract the OTFOC contract files for FY 2013-2014.

OCPO Process

Log in to the FPDS-NG application (https://www.fpds.gov/) and select the Standard Reports icon.



Next, select What from the report ribbon, then select the Federal Contract Actions and Dollars report.

FPDS-NG Data Pull Instructions

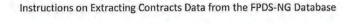
1



www.oig.dhs.gov

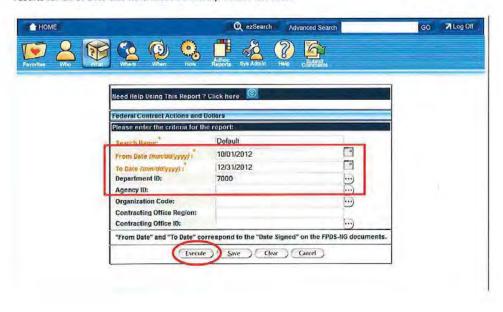
OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL

Department of Homeland Security





A dialog box for entering the report criteria will appear. Enter the date range for the data report in the From Date and To Date fields. Dates must be entered in 'mm/dd/yyyy' format. Since the complete report will comprise a larger amount of data than FPDS-NG is able to return results for, it is recommended that the task be broken up into quarterly date ranges and run separately for each quarter. Numbers may already be entered by default in the Department ID and Agency ID fields. If needed, change the Department ID to 7000 as shown. Delete any entry in the Agency ID field (to get results for all of DHS this field must be blank). Select Execute.



FPDS-NG Data Pull Instructions

18

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OIG-15-59



Department of Homeland Security

Instructions on Extracting Contracts Data from the FPDS-NG Database

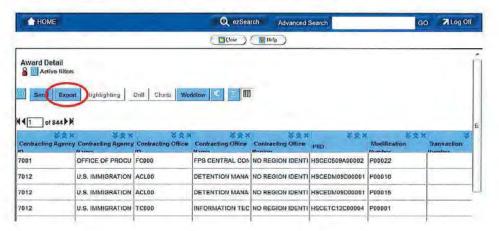
The report results will display as a summary report as shown below.



To get the contractual details for awards and IDVs it will be necessary to access a drill down report. This is accomplished by using the right mouse button to click anywhere in the report area (red highlighted box below) and selecting Award Detail from the submenu that appear (as circled below).



The final 'Award Detail' results will display as shown. Select the Export button.



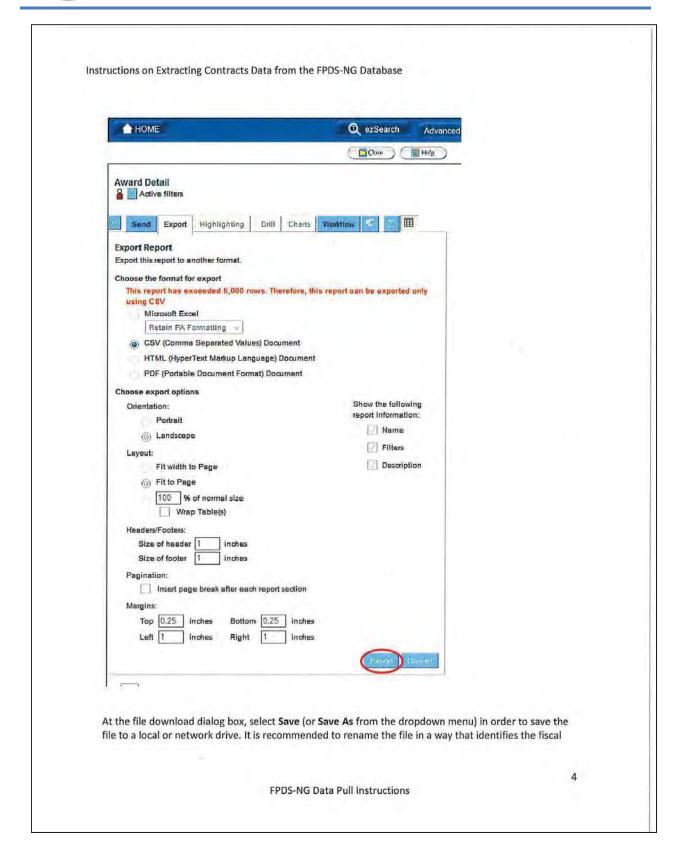
The 'Export' submenu displays. The large amount of data automatically defaults to an export format of 'Comma Separated Value' (CSV). Select the **Export** button at the bottom of the submenu.

FPDS-NG Data Pull Instructions

3

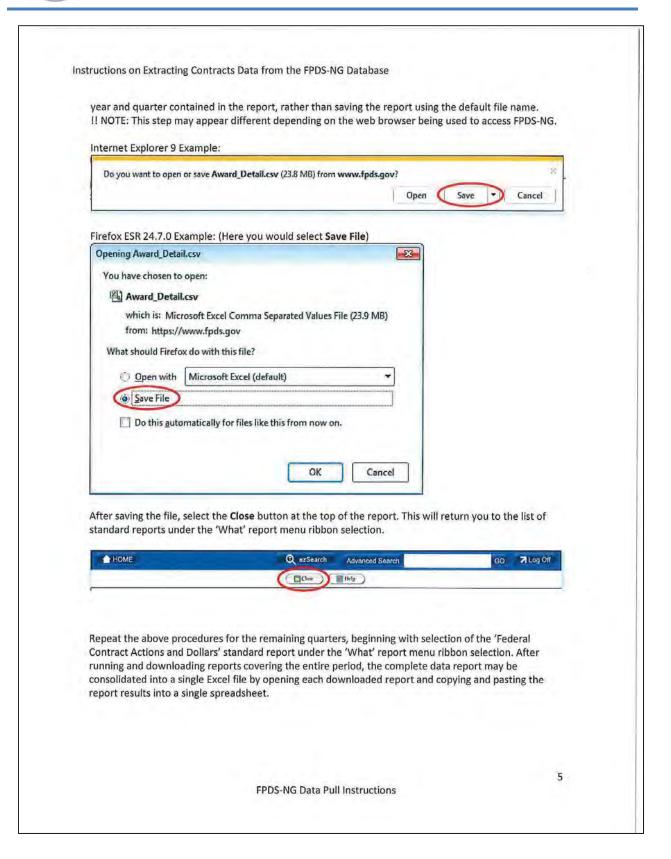


Department of Homeland Security





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Appendix D Report Distribution

Department of Homeland Security

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